

Solution 6: Macroeconomic Indicators

Problem 1 (*Gross Domestic Product*)

GDP calculation: Output Method

- (i) GDP is the sum of market values of all final goods produced domestically in a given period of time (net of intermediate goods produced abroad or in previous periods).
- (ii) GDP is the sum of value added at each stage of domestic production in a given period of time.

(i) Final Goods	(ii) Value Added
– 100,000 IM	+ 200,000
+ 200,000 C	+ 300,000
+ 100,000 EX	+ 400,000
– 100,000 IM	900,000
+ 500,000 C	
+ 300,000 EX	
900,000	

$$\text{Net Exports: } NX = \underbrace{400,000}_{EX} - \underbrace{200,000}_{IM} = 200,000$$

Problems 2-4 (Price Level)

Base Period: 2023					
	Nominal GDP	Real GDP	Cost of base-period consumer basket	GDP- Deflator	CPI
2023	550,000	550,000	550,000	1	1
2024	687,500	550,000	687,500	1.25	1.25
2025	643,500	495,000	1,100,000	1.3	2.0

$$\text{GDP-Deflator} = \frac{\text{Nominal GDP}}{\text{Real GDP}}$$

$$\text{CPI} = \frac{\text{Cost of base-period consumer basket at current prices}}{\text{Cost of base-period consumer basket at base-period prices}}$$

Problem 2

In 2024, the GDP-Deflator is $\frac{687,500}{550,000} = 1.25$, while the CPI is $\frac{687,500}{550,000} = 1.25$.

⇒ (B) is correct.

Problem 3

In 2025, the GDP-Deflator is $\frac{643,500}{495,000} = 1.3$, while the CPI is $\frac{1,100,000}{550,000} = 2$.

⇒ (D) is correct.

Problem 4

Between 2024 and 2025, the inflation rate based on the GDP-Deflator is $\frac{1.3-1.25}{1.25} = 0.04$, while it is $\frac{2-1.25}{1.25} = 0.6$ based on the CPI.

⇒ (B) is correct.

Problems 5-6 (Unemployment)

The labor force participation rate is

$$e = \frac{L}{N} = \frac{E + U}{N}. \quad (1)$$

The unemployment rate is

$$u = \frac{U}{L} = \frac{U}{E + U}. \quad (2)$$

Problem 5

Rearranging (1) and substituting $N = 70$, $U = 2.1$, and $e = 0.5$ yields

$$E = e \cdot N - U \quad \Rightarrow \quad E = 0.5 \cdot 70 - 2.1 = 32.9.$$

\Rightarrow (A) is correct.

Problem 6

Rearranging (2) and substituting $U = 2.1$ and $u = 0.05$ yields

$$L = \frac{U}{u} \quad \Rightarrow \quad L = \frac{2.1}{0.05} = 42.$$

Substituting $L = 42$ into (1) yields

$$e = \frac{42}{70} = 0.6.$$

\Rightarrow (C) is correct.